



THURSDAY, MAY 25, 1769.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 8.



are told by letters from Poland, that the preparations making by the Russians and Turks forebode a great effusion of blood. The court of Russia, if they should be wanted, will bring 300,000 men into the field, and the Turks propose to attack them on all sides: but in proportion as they strip their provinces, tumults will probably arise there, of which the Russians may greatly avail themselves.

FEBRUARY 9.

The expenses attending the prosecuting a certain popular gentleman, are now said to amount to no less than 900,000 l. which have all been defrayed by one person.

A gentleman, who had just come from the country, and was getting his boots cleaned in Ruffel-street, Covent-garden, on Saturday last, happened to meet with an acquaintance. After some talk, their conversation turned on a late popular expulsion: when the gentleman (whose boots were under operation) observed that he was very glad it was so, for that now, in all probability, we should have some quietness. "Do you so?" replied the shoe-black, who by this time had just finished one boot, *why then you shall clean the other yourself for me: for though I am in this occupation I never will be concerned in any such dirty work, as to black boots for any man that has so little regard for his country.*

FEBRUARY 11.

Extract from a Letter to Mr. Wilson, of Norwich, dated Piccadilly, Saturday, February 4, 1769.

"My gout prevented my attending the House of Commons the other days, when Mr. Wilkes was bro't up, but on Thursday I was able to get there. I took out my pencil as soon as he began to speak, and wrote down exactly what he said, which I will answer for being verbatim as follows.

Mr. Speaker,

"I acknowledge that I transmitted to the press the Letter of the Secretary of State, and that I wrote and published the prefatory Remarks to it, and, Sir, whenever a Secretary of State shall dare to write so bloody a scrawl, I will, thro' life, dare to write such prefatory remarks, as well as to make my appeal to the nation on the occasion. I ask pardon, Sir, that I made use of too mild and gentle expressions, when I mentioned so wicked, so inhuman, so cowardly a massacre, as that in St. George's-Fields on the 10th of May. I pledge myself to the House, that whenever a day shall be appointed to make this important enquiry, I will bring evidences here to prove the truth of every word I have asserted. I hope the House, Sir, will find for Mr. Ponton, and examine him, whether he did, or did not receive that Letter from the Secretary of State. If he answers in the affirmative, I am sure from the virtue of this House, that they will immediately order an impeachment against the Secretary, to be carried up to the Bar of the House of Peers."

It is said that a great lawyer, being lately asked his opinion, what method would be best to suppress the present anti-ministerial publications, he replied, that the only way would be to take no notice of them in an oppressive manner, for then they, and the authors of them, would soon sink into oblivion, as the people themselves are never long pleased with idle abuse.

A correspondent observes, that it has been frequently remarked both by the friends and enemies of a late Great Commoner, now a noble Lord, that he never hired any writers in defence of his conduct, nor ever commenced a prosecution against those who had reviled him: knowing that his actions would speak sufficiently in his defence, and put his defamers to the blush.

PRINTING (says a sensible writer) is nothing else but words condensed and stained upon paper; and were the liberty of printing to be touched, far more harm would be done by talking and whispering, than by throwing words in black upon paper.

His late majesty had so deplorable an opinion of Court servility, to obtain titles or places, that he often said he was amazed, that any gentleman possessed of 5000 l. per ann. independent fortune, would ever come to court.

FEBRUARY 14.

The following is a copy of the Instructions, as amended and unanimously agreed to, at the meeting of the Liverymen at Guildhall, on Friday last.

GUILDHALL, Feb. 10, 1769.

To Sir Robert Ladbroke, William Beckford, Esq; the Right Honourable Thomas Harley, Esq; and Barlow Trecothick, Esq; Aldermen, Representatives in Parliament for the City of London.

GENTLEMEN,

WE, your Constituents, assembled in the Guildhall of London, fully sensible of the value of the laws and constitution, transmitted to us by our ancestors, and firmly resolved to preserve this inheritance entire, as we have received it, think it our indispensable duty at this time, as well as our undoubted right, to instruct you, our Representatives in Parliament as follows:

I. We recommend, that you exert your utmost endeavours, that the proceedings in the case of libels, and all other criminal matters, may be confined to the known rules of law, and not rendered dangerous to the subject by forced constructions, new modes of inquiry, unconstitutional tribunals, or new and unusual punishments, tending to take away or diminish the benefit of trial by jury.

II. That you carefully watch over the great bulwark of our liberties, the Habeas Corpus Act; and that you enquire into, and censure any attempts to elude, or enervate the force of that law.

III. That you preserve equally inviolate the privilege of Parliament, and the rights of the Electors in the choice of Representatives.

IV. That you do not discourage petitions, by selecting such parts thereof as may tend to relieve, but to criminate the petitioner, so as to prevent all approach to your house, by which means, the most essential article of the declaration of rights may be eluded, or rendered of the less effect.

V. That you endeavour to prevent all application of the public money to influence elections of members to serve in Parliament.

VI. That you give no countenance to the dangerous doctrine of constructive treasons, or to the application of doubtful or uncertain laws to this interesting object, nor suffer ministers to be invested with a vague and discretionary power of judging on, or prosecuting this offence, and that you will vigorously oppose any measures tending to introduce modes and circumstances, of trial, which may render it difficult or impossible for the party accused to obtain full and equal justice.

VII. That you will, as the Representatives of this great commercial city, be particularly attentive to the interest of the man-

ufactures, and the trade of this kingdom, in all parts of the world, but more especially in the British American Colonies, the only profitable trade this kingdom enjoys, unrivalled by other nations; for which purpose we recommend to use your utmost endeavours to reconcile the unhappy differences subsisting between the Mother-Country and the Colonies, the fatal effects of which have, in part, been severely felt by the manufacturer, and the commercial part of this kingdom.

VIII. That you will, at this time particularly, attend to the preservation of public faith, the sole foundation of public credit; and that you do not, upon any pretence of public good whatever, concur in any measure that shall tend to weaken or destroy that faith.

IX. That you use your utmost endeavours that the civil magistracy of this kingdom be put on a respectable footing, and thereby remove the pretence of calling in a military force, and preserve this nation from a calamity which already has been fatal to the liberties of every kingdom round us, and which we at this day are beginning to feel.

X. That you promote a strict enquiry into the use which has lately been made of military power, whether any encouragement has been given to premature or injudicious military alacrity, and whether any undue measures have been taken to prevent or elude the course of public justice on such an occasion.

XI. That you use your best endeavours for having a standing committee appointed, from time to time, to examine and state the public accounts.

XII. That if any demand should come before Parliament for payment of the debts of the civil list, you will diligently enquire how those debts have been incurred, to the prejudice of the subject, and the dignity of the Crown.

XIII. That you will promote a bill for limiting the number of placemen and pensioners in the House of Commons, for preventing the Peers of Great-Britain from interfering in elections for Members of Parliament, and that an oath to prevent bribery and corruption be taken not only by the electors, but also by the candidates, at the opening of the poll.

XIV. That you use your utmost endeavours to obtain an act to shorten the duration of Parliaments; and lastly, we submit it to your consideration, whether a change in the present mode of election to that of ballot, would not be the most likely method of procuring a return of members on the genuine and uncorrupt sense of the people. (Signed) CHARLES CLAVEY,

Chairman of the Common-Hall.

FEBRUARY 18.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, dated Feb. 11.

"A strange and sudden change has lately taken place in our political system, attributed solely to the influence of his majesty's new favourite Madame de Barry, who is a very sensible woman, as well as extremely beautiful. This lady, whose heart is greatly turned to politics, is no friend to the duke de Choiseul, and much less to his public conduct, especially with regard to the Corsican war, which she considers as a very destructive impolitic measure, and in consequence thereof a stop has been put to the sending to that island to large a body of forces as had been intended. The above-mentioned nobleman has thereupon resigned all his employments, which it is generally imagined will be given to the duke de Choiseul, now ambassador at the British court. It is now imagined, that the French troops will soon be recalled from Corsica; but at present there seems to be a suspension of conferences on this matter, by the accident which the King met with, by falling from his horse while hunting, on the 4th instant, in the forest of St. Germain, whereby he received a contusion in his arm, which is not yet well. In fine, whatever may be the result of this new connection with regard to the administration of public affairs here, it is certain no court in Europe has been so frequently under the direction of female politics as this; witness, among others, Madame Maintenon in the late reign, and Madame de Pompadour in the present."

Another letter from the same place says, that the spiriting up the Turks to go to war with Poland and Russia, was the duke de Choiseul's plan.

Copy of Mr. Wilkes's address, upon his being a second time elected knight of the shire for the county of Middlesex.

To the Gentlemen, Clergy and Freeholders, of the County of Middlesex.

GENTLEMEN,

THE zeal and unanimity you have shewn this day for the maintenance of our most valuable privileges against the late attack of a despotic administration, will far ever reflect the truest honour on yourselves and on this country. With every sentiment of gratitude and respect, I beg leave to acknowledge the repeated distinction you have been pleased to make of me on this occasion. I am the more happy, because I consider my re-election by the free and unanimous voice of my countrymen as the most direct and full testimony you could give to the world, that you approve my conduct relative to the publication of the Preface, and the Secretary of State's Letter, which was followed by the horrid murders committed in my sight near the walls of this prison. I obeyed your instructions, gentlemen, in that only instance in my power, although I was in custody at the bar of the House of Commons. I thought it my duty, as your representative, earnestly to press an enquiry into the transactions of the military of that day of cruelty and carnage, a day of indelible disgrace to the annals of England, and even to humanity. I pledged myself to bring evidence to the bar of the House of Commons in support of the charge I had stated, and whenever Parliament shall make inquiry for the innocent blood spilt here on the tenth of May, I am sure my worthy colleague, Mr. Glynn, will do justice to this injured country in the House, and I will not be wanting to the cause in this prison, or in the most loathsome dungeon, if indeed I am not as closely and rigorously confined as I was in the Tower. The horror I expressed of the massacre in that place was made the first and chief pretence of my expulsion, as I now find from the Votes. As to every thing else alleged against me, the courts of law have full satisfaction, and the whole happened some years before your former choice, before I had devoted myself to your service. I am, gentlemen,

Your grateful, affectionate, and faithful humble servant,

King's-Bench Prison, Thursday Feb. 16, 1769.

JOHN WILKES.

FEBRUARY 21.

His late Majesty was once so offended at the opposition some of his ministers made to his naming a particular gentleman to an office, that he threw up the staff, leaned out of the window, and would not speak to them. After a considerable time, the Earl of C-----, who was waiting to write down his instructions, asked him whose name he would please to put in the patent? The Devil, if you will, said the King. And would your Majesty, replied his Lordship, have the address run in the usual form, of our dear beloved Queen and Council? This piece of wit brought his Majesty into temper again.

FEBRUARY 22.

A circular letter has been sent from Lord Hillsborough to the governors of the different provinces in America, to command them, in his Majesty's name, to assist the commissioners of the customs in the discharge of the duty of their respective offices, to the utmost of their power.

We are told, that the cause of the miscarriage of the American petitions for redress of grievances, was occasioned by the improper file in which they were conveyed, and the late insolent behaviour of the Bostonians; which joint circumstances rendered it inconsistent with the dignity of government to listen to their demands.

We hear, that a certain popular gentleman's daughter is to be married to a certain Nabob, of immense fortune, which he acquired when a governor in India.

FEBRUARY 24.

His Majesty's ship Antelope, of fifty guns, at Chatham, is put into commission, and the command given to Capt. Gayton, she is to be stationed at Newfoundland.

The Montagu, of fifty guns, at Plymouth, is also commissioned, and the command given to Capt. Smith. She is stationed at Antigua.

The Dunkirk of fifty guns, at Portsmouth, is also commissioned, and the command given to Capt. Stirling. She is to be stationed at Jamaica.

A Courtier was lately observing to a patriotic gentleman, that the only way to deprive Mr. Wilkes of his popularity, would be to grant him a free pardon. "You are mistaken, Sir," (replied the other) the best expedient would be, to tack him to the present M-----y, which would render them thoroughly odious to every man in the kingdom.

FEBRUARY 25.

Several English young noblemen and gentlemen are preparing, we hear, to embark for Germany, in their way to Russia, in order to join the Russian army, as volunteers, and make a campaign against the Turks.

Copy of Mr. Wilkes's address upon his second expulsion from the house of commons.

To the Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders, of the County of Middlesex.

GENTLEMEN,

THE unanimity you have shewn in the second choice of me as your representative, has not prevented my second expulsion; another writ is ordered, and I must again intreat you to confirm your former choice, by honouring me a third time with your votes at the ensuing election, which will be at Brentford on Thursday, the 16th of March. I will never give up the cause, nor quit the service, of my constituents, and I make no doubt that your perseverance in support of your own rights, by a repeated exertion of the powers you derive from the constitution, will, in the end, be crowned with the desired success. In case of any future expulsions, I will regularly repeat to you the offer of my humble services, that you may have again, and again, an opportunity of vindicating your most valuable privileges, the rights of all the electors of this kingdom, which I will never abandon or betray.

I hope none of my friends will be absent from Brentford on the 16th of March, and I shall be particularly obliged by their early appearance. I am, Gentlemen,

Your faithful humble servant,

JOHN WILKES.

King's-Bench Prison, Wednesday Feb. 22, 1769.

MARCH 1.

On Monday the master, wardens, and examiners of the Surgeons company (10 in number) met at their hall in the Old Bailey, in pursuance of a letter from the Earl of Rochford, one of his majesty's principal secretaries of state, desiring their opinion in relation to a doubt that had arisen, whether the blow which Mr. Clarke received at the election at Brentford, was the cause of his death; and the above gentlemen returned an answer the same evening to his lordship, giving it as their unanimous opinion, that the blow was not the cause of Mr. Clarke's death---which has occasioned a variety of animadversions, and some have been bold enough to call it an attempt to render trials by jury ineffectual.

The city of London have expended already in the new pavement upwards of 80,000 l. in repairing the old; lighting and cleansing, since the act for new-paving, &c. took place, 45,000 l. besides large sums which have been paid for purchasing houses to pull down to widen streets. Now 200,000 l. has been paid for the new bridge, and a large sum more is still to pay for new roads, embanking, and finishing the said bridge. The Royal Exchange is now repairing, which will cost 10,000 l. The jail of Newgate is going to be rebuilt, which will cost 50,000 l. many entire new streets are now building. All which shew the vast opulence of the city of London.

Some letters from Constantinople mention, that the Grand Seigneur has declared his intention of commanding in person the grand Ottoman army this summer against the Russians.

The following is inserted, by way of advertisement, in the public papers.

LONDON TAVERN, February 21, 1769.

"MANY gentlemen, members of parliament, and others, divested of every personal consideration, and unconnected with any party, have formed themselves into a society at the London tavern, under the title of SUPPORTERS of the BILL OF RIGHTS.

"Their sole aim is, to maintain and defend the legal constitutional Liberty of the subject. They mean to support Mr. WILKES and his CAUSE, so far as it is a public cause. For this purpose only they solicit the countenance and encouragement of the public, whose emolument and advantage alone are intended."

MARCH 2.

Yesterday was held, at the Town-hall in Southwark, a most numerous and most respectable meeting of the electors of that Borough. Edward Stevens, Esq; by general consent, was appointed Chairman. Sir Joseph Mawbey, Bart. one of the Members, attended, and the other Member, Henry Thrale, Esq; came soon after, in consequence of a message for that purpose. Sir Joseph Mawbey defended the propriety and necessity of instructions, at this critical period, in terms that met with the general approbation of the meeting, and declared his intention of supporting the constitutional liberty of this country, without place, pension, or emolument whatever, unwearied by power, and influenced only, not by men, but measures; and showed his strong attachment to his Majesty's person and family, and the principles of the glorious revolution. A question was put and the sense of the company taken, whether instructions should be given, when they appeared many hundreds for the proposition, against about a dozen of a contrary opinion. The following instructions were afterwards twice read, and almost unanimously agreed to:

[Turn to the last Page.]

New Advertisements.

THE Demands in this Province, and from some of the neighbouring Colonies for, "THE EXTRACTS from the Proceedings of the HIGH COURT OF VICE-ADMIRALTY, in Charles-Town, South-Carolina, &c." having far exceeded the Number of Books printed,

A second Impression,

By Desire of many respectable Persons, With some additional Remarks, &c. and a proper Appendix to the whole,

WILL SOON BE MADE AND PUBLISHED.

"No Pleasure is comparable to the Standing upon the van- tage Ground of Truth: A Hill not to be commanded---and where the Air is always clear and serene." BACON.

The Dispute is not personal, nor of a private Nature---therefore, be not misled by the FALSE MAGNET of a TITLE PAGE.

If the Quondam J----- can clear up his Character, TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE PUBLIC, from the Complaints, by ALL PARTIES, against his J-----al Proceedings---he will find me to be, as he has always known, and now declared me to be,

"The Man unmasked;"

I shall be foremost to subscribe his Acquittal, and ready to make the most ample Concessions---but if he *sees* the Impossibility of succeeding in an Attempt to do so---wonder if that Man shall again have Recourse to personal Invective, Chicanery, and Falshood---and vainly hope to bury Truth among Rubbish. Let him proceed, and bring forth all the Errors of my private Life that he knows of, even that of having placed some Confidence in him---and when he has completed his Catalogue---provided he speaks Truth---I will not only acknowledge the whole, but I will add some Faults that he does not know of---and leave him there in the painful Suspense of PHLEGMAS.

The Motions of his Spirit are dull as Night, And his Affections dark as Erebus.

Let no such Man be trusted. SHAKESPEARE.

The facetious Sterne, applies these Words to a "poor, forlorn, selfish Wretch"---such an one perhaps as stands unmoved by any Man's Affliction, and even by the Cries of Justice---one who in the Seat of Judgment is capable of playing off both Parties---craving an Oath upon one Man---extorting an Oath from another---without any other Views than his own Interests. In this Light I might with some Propriety, according to universal opinion, resort

Infendus Jures! hic Vir! hic est!

but as I have no private Pique against Mr. LEIGH, so I am now resolved to enter into no private Quarrel with, a Man who is under so many Disadvantages---and yet I may leave a Stone hanging over his ungrateful Head.

THE PUBLISHER OF THE EXTRACTS.

J-----E LEIGH's Bilingsgate Rhapsody---in Vindication of his judicial Proceedings, being now abroad under the Title of

The Man unmasked.

A second Edition of the "EXTRACTS from the Proceedings of the HIGH COURT OF VICE-ADMIRALTY, in Charles-Town, South-Carolina, &c."---with an APPENDIX containing among other Matters---such Letters, at full Length, as the J----- has thought proper for his Purposes to mangle or mutilate---and other Letters, which he found necessary to pass over in Silence.

WILL BE PUBLISHED SOMETIME IN THE MONTH OF JUNE NEXT.

From whence the Public will obtain a clearer View of certain material Circumstances---than the J----- in the Simplicity of his Heart---wishes they should have---and our Bilious J----- will be in PLAIN ENGLISH further convicted of Falshood, Meanness and Treachery---Falshood, quod a J-----, even to a "bare faced"---deliberately and solemnly pronounced from the Bench for Truth---upon a Point whereon by his own Confession, (fatal Lack of Memory!) he founded a Determination of great Consequence to the Public.

Those Facts the Publisher may be allowed to prove for public Good, consistent with all "his religious Professions," and without infringing upon any Branch of "the Litany"---but it is not his Design to follow that POLE CAT through all the Fifth exhibited in his scurrilous Performance---The J-----'s Attempts, his last Hopes, are, as every Body foresees, "to bury Truth among Rubbish"---the Publisher of the Extracts will continue strictly to adhere to the former, as the Pearl of great Price, and leave the latter as an Addition to the Treasures of a LUNATIC, UNWIT and INCONSIDERABLE J-----.

Falsely and infamous as the J-----'s Insinuations and Aspersions are, and the Publisher's Character are---yet his "Catalogue" is not new to completely wicked as it was intended to be, if the J----- does "mark the Line of Woman's Duty," had not been previously detected in that sin which sunk Annanias and Sapphira down to the Shades of Death---and his horrible Purpose is far curtailed.

Some Persons say the only proper Answer to all that the J----- has scribbled, foreign from the Subject Matter of the EXTRACTS, should be the Discipline of NEW-MARKET, but even that Sort of Correction---admitting he had not secured himself, like the Goat in the Fable---would in the Publisher's own Opinion be almost too great an Instance of Condescension to him, and therefore that satirical Hero need not run away again, upon any future accidental Meeting in the Street.

As a Man he is contemptible---as a J----- as an A----- General, as a Grasper of Retainers from both Sides, his right Hand cut knowing what his left Hand did---he shall be taken proper Notice of, and duly attended to---until he throws the Singularity of his Repentance by an Amendment of his Manners.

"Severity (to reform desperate People) unless it be administered in ample Vessels, serves only to harden their Hearts and exasperate them."

This Chislin shall be filled up in the Appendix with the Name of an ENGLISH BRAND, initiated by a Letter of the Publisher immediately following the Letter K.

The Pole Cat is a pitiful Animal, upon whom Nature has bestowed but one Weapon, his URSINA, for its Defence---if you detect it robbing your Hen-Roost, the little Creature squirts at you, and under the foul Stench arising from such Evacuation jumps an Escape.

TO BE SOLD,

BY the subscriber, two TENEMENTS situated on the Bay, opposite to Mr. BURN'S wharf. Any person inclinable to purchase them, may know the terms by applying to

ALEXANDER PERONNEAU.

TO THE WORLD.

WHEN arguments fail Mr. Laurens, he resorts to his favourite expedient, of making "rural assertions, forging bold stories, and underworking his antagonist with his insinuations; but these subtleties, and liberal arts, are firmly as the spider's web; and, sooner or later, he will find himself confuted, to his shame.

It is in the power of every wicked man to defame another, and it is in no man's power to avoid the evil: Justice therefore requires, that we should only condemn when charges are supported by indisputable proofs.

Mr. Laurens is a writer of a most peculiar cast. The delicacy of his sentiments, the elegance of his phrases, the harmony of his periods; and the propriety of his images, denote at once the purity of his heart, and the fertility of his head.

What a comical fancy is that of the "Pole-Cat"! How courtly the idea! how admirably adapted to entertain Mr. Crouch's female readers!

For my own part, I think myself obliged to the publisher for this fanciful species of defence, as nothing would so well express the kind of contempt which is due to some folks, on particular occasions, as a plentiful display of animal water. How this rich fancy of Mr. Laurens's can serve his purpose, is far beyond the power of my conception, for when the dog puts a trick upon the Frenchman, in *Perfume* and *Andromeda*, the laugh is always set against the Man: The Pole-Cat is no object of ridicule, because he only performs the operations of his nature; it is therefore the poor fool who carries off the smell that is laughed at, and consequently the reader who is forewarned of the distasteful situation of the publisher, has nothing to do but to keep at an awful distance from him, which is the best advice I can give him to avoid contagion.

The book intitled the MAN UNMASK'D, underwent no alteration whatever in consequence of any late event; it therefore becomes the publisher to explain himself, in the second edition of his polished work.

I am astonished at the street-furor, as I never avoided a man of courage in my life, and therefore it will be difficult to persuade the world, that I could ever run away from Mr. Laurens. For five days past, at the usual hours of walking, I have been upon the Bay and other most public streets, in a posture ill calculated for retreat.

The publisher makes use of many cruel and unjust censures, I shall therefore withhold my displeasure for a time, in order to remove all his dirt, and fix it where it shall eternally remain.

24th May 1769.

THE AUTHOR.

Intended for the PRESS, and also for EXHIBITION on the STAGE;

THE MAN UNMASK'D:

A

COMEDY

OF FIVE ACTS.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

HENRY DOUBLEDLOCK, Esq; a Man of Fortune and Address. SIMON PURE, an itinerant Preacher. or, THE MAN UNMASKED: a fly, plausible, and crafty Fox. Col. Squeak, a SHY military Officer. SATURN, a jost, clost, and joining Hypocrite. Attakullakulla, an Indian Chief, of Humanity and Worth. HEARTFREE, a Man unsuspicious of Humanity and Worth. Goggle-Eye, the Poet. Mr. Wiggleturn, a Morebaw, of a singular cast. Small-Sword, a Fencing-master. TOM JONES, a roving young Adventurer in Trade, recommended to Doubledlock's Notice and Protection. Rosa!-!-!-! Abigail, a Quaker Preacher. CHARLES ENTRY, Esq; an old General. Mrs. Gariabout, a News-monger. CHARLES ENTRY, Esq; an old General. Snub. Servants and Attendants &c.

What Human Kind desire, and what they fear, Rage, Passions, Pleasures, Impotence of Will, Shall this SATYRICAL Collection shew. DRYDEN.

N.B. The only Person in this Place who is characterized, is Doubledlock; and as he is taken off in four different Views, the Order of the Drama requires the Author to separate the Parts, as the Representation would be greatly interrupted by Doubledlock's Change of Dress; and tho' all the Characters of him are strictly just, the Author judged it best, not to crowd so rich a Variety in one Person, as the Audience may, in their own Imagination, unite all together. They may

"Into a thousand Parts divide one Man, And make imaginary Puissance."

NEW NEGROES.

Charles-Town, May 25, 1769.

TO BE SOLD, On TUESDAY the 6th of June next, A SMALL CARGO OF NEW

NEGROES,

CONSISTING chiefly of YOUNG WOMEN, BOYS and GIRLS, and a few prime, healthy MEN. The whole in number about ONE HUNDRED and TWENTY. Arrived last night, in the snow LILLY, Captain SCROGHAM, from BASSA, on the WINDWARD COAST of AFRICA, by

JOHN CHAPMAN, & Co.

TO BE SOLD,

By public outcry on Friday the 26th instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the late dwelling-house of BENJAMIN HAWES, behind the Old Church;

THREE new riding chairs, six second-hand ditto, a convenient family caravan, fit for the country, and a second-hand coach, all with harnesses complete.

A L S O,

Twelve sets of new harnesses, two Phaeton bodies, livery boxes, horse carts, wheel barrows, and a variety of useful articles in the chair-making business. Three months credit will be given for any sum above Fifty Pounds, giving such security as may be required by

BENJAMIN HAWES.

May 20, 1769.

THE sale of the personal estate of Maurice Harvey, advertised to be sold on the 18th instant, is put off till Thursday the 8th day of June next, at which time the said effects will be sold without reserve. The place of sale and conditions the faith as before advertised.

DORCAS HARVEY, Administratrix.

LONDON, MARCH 26.



PRIVATE letter from Dublin says, that his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland will shortly return home from that kingdom; for which purpose his Majesty's yacht is ordered to be got in readiness to sail for Dublin the 28th instant.

The answer from the lawyers to which the case of Mr. Wilkes as Alderman of Farringdon-Ward Without was referred, it is said cannot be given to the Court of Aldermen till next Autumn, or thereabouts.

Addressees have been obtained from Oxford and Kent, in imitation of that lately from Essex. [For the Essex Address, see Mr. WILKES'S GAZETTE of the 22d Instant.]

A very common toast at present is, "May those who are fond of addressing, live to Remonstrate!"

At a late meeting of the independent freeholders of the county of Down, in the north of Ireland, the following resolutions were entered into, in opposition to a party who wanted to monopolize the choice of a Representative.

Earl of MOIRA in the Chair.

RESOLVED, That entertainments given by a Candidate to the freeholders before or during a poll, are unconstitutional, hurtful to the morals of the people, and a general loss to the kingdom, by the idleness they occasion.

RESOLVED, That if any candidate shall offer to give any entertainment to any of our tenants, we will, from that time, do every thing in our power to prevent his being elected.

RESOLVED, That each of us will provide lodging and entertainment for his own tenants, who cannot afford the expence of attending at the county town to give their votes.

RESOLVED, That any junctions of persons of large fortunes, to direct the choice of Representatives, is an infringement of the constitution, and injurious to the liberty of the people.

RESOLVED, That we will, to the utmost of our power, oppose any candidate who shall be set up by such junction.

Extract of a letter from Bristol.

"The corporation of this city being entirely under ministerial influence, have addressed, by way of shewing their abhorrence of INSTRUCTIONS; but lest an address from so small a body should not sufficiently counteract our Instructions, there are two other addresses going forward by way of aid. The one, under the denomination of the city address, is signed by about one hundred people, some of them the remains of the old Tory faction, who rejoiced in the last rebellion, at the arrival of the Pretender's army in the heart of the kingdom. Others are corporation men, and their servile dependants, custom-house officers, dependant clergy, aliens, and Irish Papists.

"The other address which is to be sent, will be called the Merchants Adventurers; and this was carried under the seal of their Common-Hall, at a meeting of twenty-four, eighteen of these were for the address, but of these eighteen, three were lawyers, two servants of the public, and five are out of trade; so that the vote of seven or eight men in business is to be palmed on the public as the voice of the merchants of Bristol.

"I rejoice to find that the ministry can descend to such low and mean expedients. It must certainly be a proof that they are almost expiring; for I should think that nothing but desperation could lead men to attempt supporting themselves by means so exceedingly weak and contemptible."

Copy of Mr. Wilkes's address, upon his being a third time elected knight of the shire for the county of Middlesex. To the Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Middlesex.

GENTLEMEN,

AFTER the close of the county had so long, appeared in the clearest manner by my unanimous re-election, I did not expect that any gentleman could have been found to oppose me still less in so unfair a way as by a declaration not many hours previous to the poll. The advertisement of Mr. Charles Dingle in every public paper is stolen upon us only this morning, although the day of election has been fixed near a month. This plan of trick and surprise has been however concealing for some weeks in a clandestine and dark manner with the enemies of your freedom and independency. The meanness and artifice of this ungenerous attack is to be ranked among the various ministerial measures employed to set aside the man of your free choice, but your firmness and spirit have rendered vain and fruitless all the contrivances of low cunning, and the efforts of weak malice. My opponent declares under his hand, "that he had been solicited by some respectable freeholders of the County of Middlesex to offer himself as a candidate to represent them in parliament on account of present vacancy," but in fact, no freeholder could be prevailed upon even to put him in nomination. The noble stand you have made this day in a cause, which is common to every elector of Great-Britain, will be remembered with gratitude by our latest posterity. My personal obligation to you, gentlemen, for your generous support on this occasion, I can never forget, but as an Englishman, the greatness of your conduct is so important and trying an instance affects me still more sensibly, for you have gloriously asserted the clear rights of every freeholder in the island, which a despotic ministry had openly invaded.

The manly spirit you have exerted this day in direct opposition to every art and intrigue of a corrupt administration, cannot fail of making a strong impression upon a set of men, who seek the ruin of public liberty. They have long lost sight of all national good, but they may now possibly refrain from further acts of despotism, and if we enjoy the noble privileges of our country, confirmed by the great charter and the bill of rights, particularly those respecting the freedom of elections, secured to us by the wisdom and valour of our ancestors, we shall owe our happiness to the zeal and vigour, with which you, gentlemen, and the other independent electors of this kingdom have supported these original and primary rights of Englishmen. Whatever be the consequences of this day's proceedings, you have the satisfaction of having borne your testimony to the just claims of every freeholder, and the best rights of our inheritance. The nation will in this age do justice to your merit; but your reward will not have an end with the present times; your names and memories will become dear and venerable to all future ages.

I am Gentlemen,

With much respect and gratitude,

Your affectionate, and faithful humble servant,

King's Bench Prison,

Thursday March 16.

JOHN WILKES.

MARCH 13.

When the last accounts came away from Peterburgh, the empress was said to be preparing to put herself at the head of her army. A correspondent remarking on our taxes says, "We are taxed in the morning for the coffee we drink, at noon for the dinner we eat, all day long for the day-light that enters our windows, and lastly, for the very candles we burn to supply the want of that day-light."

The election held on Thursday last, at Brenford, is declared null and void.

Tuesday his Majesty's ship Pembroke, of 60 guns, was put into commission, and the command of her given to Capt. Philip Darell. She is to relieve the Jersey, now in the Mediterranean.

The book originally kept in the Queen's library, where a private man of every regiment is finely coloured in his uniform, having lately been much inspected, gives great reason to surmise that an augmentation of the army in general is intended the approaching spring.

Most of the places of trust and profit, all over the continent,

and in the West-India Islands, are said to be at present occupied by Scotchmen.

On Tuesday the Right Honourable Sir Edward Hawke had a levee; after which there was a full board of admiralty, when his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland was appointed Rear-Admiral of the Blue Squadron of his Majesty's fleet.

Last Tuesday there was a numerous and respectable meeting of the Supporters of the Bill of Rights at the London Tavern, in Bishopsgate-street, when they received the report of the committee appointed to examine into the state of Mr. Wilkes's affairs, and set apart 1500 l. to discharge the demands of the most necessitous of that gentleman's creditors. After dinner 500 l. was subscribed towards supporting the cause.

A firm and absolute coalition, it is said, is settled between the Grenville and Rockingham parties; so that it was hinted, "that the door being open, persons may enter whenever they please."

The enemies of a noble Lord, late a Great Commoner, affect to talk of him as one despised by all parties; but we can assure our readers, that his Lordship has been visited by two great persons in administration within these ten days, on the subject of public affairs; but on what particular head, (though said to be respecting a popular patriot) or what was the noble Lord's opinion and advice thereon, we have not heard, nor do we suppose it has transpired.

Last Thursday evening several persons of great distinction paid their respects to a certain great personage; the cause of which occasions many conjectures.

It is remarkable that Mr. Wilkes has been thrice elected knight of the shire for Middlesex in less than the space of a year.

Wednesday an Address, in the name of the County of Kent, was presented to his Majesty. It was signed by only fifteen persons, which was not the number of the Grand-Jury; so that some of those gentlemen refused to sign it. And it was presented by only by Sir Charles Farnaby and the Sheriff.

The numbers who have signed the address at the King's Arms Tavern, do not amount to above 600.---This is pretty near the number of addressers on the late peace.

His Majesty's Sloop Nautilus was lately commissioned, and the command given to Captain John Chapman; as was the Weazle, and the command given to Captain Thomas Paffley.

Copy of Mr. Wilkes's address upon his third expulsion from the house of commons.

To the GENTLEMEN, CLERGY, and FREEHOLDERS of the County of MIDDLESEX.

GENTLEMEN,

I had not experienced your unwearied zeal for liberty and the defence of the fundamental rights of the subject, I should feel some uneasiness in being now obliged by a third expulsion to beg the favour of you to attend so soon again at Brentford to support your former choice. But I know you have the cause of your country at heart, and that you glory in every opportunity of convincing the world that you will never give up your title to a free election. If you tamely suffer this most valuable right of choosing your own representative in parliament to be taken from you, or rendered of no effect, you must not expect that the enjoyment of any meaner, or more inconsiderable franchise, will be long permitted. The spirit of every Englishman revolts at the very idea, and the freeholders of Middlesex have always firmly stood foremost in the day of trial, however severe and perilous.

The next County Court is fixed for Thursday the 11th of April, when the election will come on at Brentford. The appearance of my friends at an early hour of that day I shall esteem as every particular obligation.

I am, GENTLEMEN, With deference and Respect,

Your faithful, and obliged humble Servant, JOHN WILKES.

King's Bench Prison, Sunday, March 18, 1769.

The beginning of last week the university of Oxford voted an address to the King, which has since been presented to his Majesty.

Bristol, March 18. Notwithstanding several accounts have appeared in the London papers, signifying, that the instructions from this city, have not been received by our Representatives; yet we can assure the public, that they are absolutely transmitted to them.

St. James's, March 18. Three addresses of the Mayor, Burgesses, and commonalty of the city of Bristol; of the Master, Wardens, and commonalty of the Society of Merchants Venturers; and of the Gentlemen, Clergy, Freeholders, and Burgesses of the said city, have been presented to his Majesty by the Right Hon. Lord Viscount Clare, and Matthew Brickdale, Esq; representatives in parliament for the said city of Bristol, being introduced by the Lord of his Majesty's bed-chamber in waiting: Which addresses his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously. [For which three Addresses, also see Mr. WELLS'S GAZETTE of the 22d Instant.]

MARCH 20. On the 9th instant failed his Majesty's ship Hero, Captain Hoatham, from Cork, with the 13th regiment of foot on board bound to Minorca.

The Right Honourable, the Lord Mountmorris is to take the chair to-morrow, at the meeting of the Supporters of the Bill of Rights, at the London Tavern.

A new writ is ordered to be issued out for the election of a Knight of the shire for the county of Middlesex, in the room of John Wilkes, Esq; the election being declared void and null, he having been before adjudged incapable.

The above election is fixed for Thursday the 13th of next month.

It is said that matters are now so concerted, that the next election will be final.

We hear that before the 15th of April next, a petition will be presented to a Great Personage, by a very considerable number of freeholders of a large county, in behalf of a popular gentleman; and also relative to some matters concerning themselves, which are to urged in the most dutiful manner possible.

To-morrow afternoon a deputation of the most Ancient Albions, is appointed to wait upon Mr. Wilkes, and admit him one of their most Honourable Order.

We hear that cards have been sent to several eminent bankers, to sign the address lying at the Merchant Seaman's office, over the Royal Exchange; which several have refused, particularly some eminent ones Westward of the city, as there is no occasion for it, but is only calculated to profit the proposers, from lucrative expectations.

We hear that many eminent tradesmen have signed the address without reading it; assigning as a reason for it, that as they saw many men of fortune among them, they chose to be ranked among such, as doing them credit.

We hear that a subscription is on foot in the county of Huntingdon, corresponding with that of the Society at the London Tavern, of Supporters of the Bill of Rights.

It is not less singular than true, that John Wilkes, Esq; is the 345th person on the list of King's Bench prisoners, as appears by the books of that prison.

It is talked, that the Right Honourable the Lord Viscount Mountmorris will shortly be nominated to a public character abroad, and it is thought it will be to a Northern Court.

An address of the high sheriff, grand jury, gentlemen, and clergy, of the county of Kent, has been presented to his Majesty by Sir Charles Farnaby, Baronet, one of their Representatives in Parliament, and William Wheatley, Esq; high sheriff of the said county, being introduced by the Lord of his Majesty's bed-chamber in waiting. Which address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously. [For this Address likewise, see Mr. WELLS'S GAZETTE of the 22d Instant.]

It is remarkable, that the original North-Briton, No. 45, was published on St. George's-day, April 23, 1761.

On Friday an address to his Majesty from the University of Cambridge was read in the Senate-house, and ordered to be presented to the King.

We have received the following account of the proceedings at Kingston, in Surrey.

Immediately after the Sheriff's dinner at Kingston, on Friday last, an address, *ready composed*, was offered to the company, in that name of the Sheriff, Grand-Jury, Gentlemen, &c. of that county. This proceeding was strongly opposed and objected to by many gentlemen present, and the indecency of forty-four gentlemen, some of them not freeholders, met upon the ordinary business of the assize, assuming to themselves the direction of the county at large, was long and ably enforced; it was said, public notice should have been given of the intention to address, as was usually done on similar occasions; and that it was treating the county with contempt, not to take the general sense of the freeholders on the question; and it was proposed to advertise a public meeting for that purpose. The grand-jury consisted of twenty-seven gentlemen, of whom thirteen were against the question.

The following declaration was afterwards agreed to by many gentlemen, and recommended for publication as the reason of their dissent.

"We, several of the gentlemen of the grand-jury, and other freeholders of the county of Surrey, assembled at the Assize, holden at Kingston-upon-Thames, in and for the said county, this 17th day of March, 1769, think ourselves called upon to declare as follows: That we are zealously and dutifully attached to his Majesty King George, and the settlement of the crown in the august House of Hanover, and will continue to support his Majesty, against all his open and secret enemies, as well foreign as domestic, being thoroughly convinced the civil and religious liberties of us, and our posterity, depend, under God, on the continuance of the crown in his Majesty's person and family.

"That having on all occasions manifested the sincerity of these our professions, we cannot think it necessary for us to give any renewed declarations of attachment and loyalty, by address to his Majesty at this time; more especially as we have reason to apprehend and believe, the intention of some gentlemen, who principally encourage it, is really to support a set of ministers in power, whom the best friends of the public have long considered as acting on principles incompatible with freedom, and the interest of the nation.

"That we will use our utmost endeavours to procure peace and good order in every part of the county, and, at the hazard of all that is dear to us, supporting the just prerogatives of the crown, and the liberties of the people, which are inseparably united."

It was afterwards resolved to call a general meeting of the County at Epsom, as soon as a day can be agreed on for that purpose.

MARCH 21.

Two gentlemen the other day, at a certain coffee-house in the city, were disputing whether the party at the London Tavern, or that at the King's Arms, acted most rationally; when one of them laid a great stress on the numbers of the latter. But the other replied, you must allow there are more fools and knaves in the world than wise and good; and, therefore, 'tis no wonder the multitude should prefer address to redress.

CHARLES-TOWN, MAY 25.

LAST Saturday died the eldest Daughter of His Excellency the Right Honourable Lord CHARLES-GREVILLE MONTAGU, Governor in Chief, &c. of this Province. And the next Day His Excellency returned from his Journey to the Western Frontiers. On Monday last another Court of Admiralty was held here, on the Ship under Seizure, and adjourned to Monday next.

By Captain Doran, from St. Augustine, we learn, that Brigadier-General Frederick Haldimand may shortly be expected here.

On the 5th Instant, in Lat. 23. 50. Long. 54. Capt. Ruffel, of the Biron, spoke with the Snow Penn, Capt. Harkies, from Bristol for Philadelphia, all well on board. Captain Harkies informed Captain Ruffel, that the Populace in London had been so enraged, when they beset those Merchants who carried the Address to St. James's, on the 22d of March last, that they even broke the Palace Windows, which however cannot be supposed to have been done by Design.

Late Letters from London say, that the Honourable William Wragge, Esq; is appointed Chief-Justice of this Province, and his Mandamus will come out in the Beaufain, Captain Curling, now daily to be expected: And also that the Reverend Mr. Purcell, who had a Living of 60 l. Sterling, in England, is coming out in the same Ship, as Assistant to the Rector of St. Philip's Parish.

His Majesty's Ship Fowey, commanded by Mark Robinson, Esq; having been lightened, was, Yesterday forenoon, got off from where she was ashore, and safely anchored in Port-Royal Harbour, having, as we hear, received little or no Damage.

Monday the 15th Instant, Mr. William Johnson was married to Miss Sarah Nightingale, Daughter of Mr. Thomas Nightingale.

On Wednesday the 17th Inst. died Capt. James Caird, Master of the Brigantine Aston, of Liverpool.

On Friday the 19th Instant Dr. William Remington was married to Miss Anne Eaton, of Edisto.

Last Thursday Mr. Henry Webster, of Ponpon, was married to the Widow Ford, of Will-Town.

Last Friday died here, Mrs. Jane Douxfaint, a Native of this Province, aged 73 Years.

PRICE OF RICE, 60s. per 100 lb.

PIPE STAVES, 70 l. per 1000.

INDIAN CORN, 15 s. per Bushel.

Quantity of RICE exported, 99,704 Barrels.

The Letter signed HONESTUS will be in our next.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

By his Excellency the Right Honourable Lord CHARLES-GREVILLE MONTAGU, Captain-General, Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the said Province.

A PROCLAMATION.

HEREAS I judge it expedient for his Majesty's Service, that the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province, which at present stands prorogued 'till Monday the twenty-ninth Instant, should be further prorogued: I DO THEREFORE issue this my Proclamation, hereby further proroguing the same, 'till Thursday the fifteenth day of June next, and it is hereby prorogued accordingly: Of which all

Persons concerned, are required to take Notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

GIVEN under my Hand, and the Great Seal of the said Province, at CHARLES-TOWN, this 25th Day of May, Anno Domini 1769, and in the Ninth Year of his Majesty's Reign.

C. G. MONTAGU.

By his Excellency's Command, THOMAS SKOTTOWE, Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Timothy's Marine List.

Arrivals at Charles-Town.	From
May 20th. Sloop Charles-Town, Joseph Durfee,	Barbados
21st. Schooner Liberty, Richard Churchill,	Georgia
Schooner Expedition, John Duran,	St. Augustine
22d. Ship Biron, John Ruffel,	London
23d. Brigantine Smyth, John Moncrieff,	London
24th. Snow Lilly, -----, Scrogham,	Bahia
Schooner Cannon, Charles Smyth,	Georgia
Sloop Charles-Town, John Leaycraft,	St. Christopher
May 25th. Sailed.	For
21st. Ship Walworth, Duncan McCauland,	Cape-Fear
Snow Squirrel, Thomas Fisher,	London
Snow Sheburne, James Clark,	Rhode-Island
Schooner Alarm, William Gardier,	Senegal
22d. Sloop Little-Molly, William Leaycraft,	Bermuda
24th. Ship Vine, George Chisman,	Cape-Fear
Ship Harry, Dougal Shannon,	Virginia
Sloop Benjamin, Nathaniel Dickinson,	Jamaica
Sloop Falmouth, John Martin,	Falmouth in N.E.
Remain to adbound or cleared.	For
His Majesty's Frigate Renown, Hon. Geo. Murray,	Jamaica
Ship Cygnet, James Smith,	Cape-Fear
Le Desperer Packet-boat, Capt. Wm. Talbot,	Falmouth
Sloop Betty, Richard Small,	Grenada
Sloop Anne, William Jarden,	Beaufort
May 31st. Depart this and out next.	For
Ship Betty & Elley, John Harrison,	London
Ship Royal George, Thomas Blundell,	Cowes
Ship Sally, Benjamin Berry,	Oporto
Ship Countess of Suffolk, Thomas Davies,	London
Ship Bacchus, John Dixon,	Cowes
Ship Lillies, Hercules Angus,	Lisbon
Brigantine Hopewell, Moses Pitt,	Vigo
Brigantine Prince George, John Addison,	Lancaster
Brigantine Aston, Henry Hunter,	Oporto
Brigantine Neptune, Ebenezer Price,	Cowes
Brigantine Elizabeth, John Rookin,	Whitehaven
Brigantine Harriet, Charles Dawson,	Jamaica
Schooner Expedition, John Duran,	St. Augustine
Sloop Sally, Peter Schermerhorn,	New-York
Sloop Elizabeth, James Gilchrist,	Dominica
Sloop Hope, John Rider,	Rhode-Island
Entered out, and loading.	For
Ship Carolina-Packet, William White,	London
Ship Planters Adventure, Miles Lowley,	London
Brigantine Grant, Robert Scott,	London
Order Cleared in Port.	Liverpool
Ship James, Henry Billinge,	Liverpool
Ship Britannia, Alexander Hardie,	Liverpool
Ship Jenny, Richard Webster,	Liverpool
Brigantine Shark, John Ashburn,	Oporto
Brigantine John & Henry, Denis Driscoll,	Oporto
Brigantine Philadelphia Packet, William Coward,	Virginia
Schooner Sally, Marriot Parsons,	Virginia
Schooner Vulcan, Turner Vardell,	Jamaica
Sloop Sword-Fish, James Card,	Jamaica
Sloop Montagu, Samuel Wright,	Cape St. Nicholas
Sloop Fox, Elisha Hinman,	Cape St. Nicholas
Sloop Frances, James Seymour,	Cape St. Nicholas
Arrivals from this Port.	At
Schooner Balmor, William Williams,	Barbados
Sloop Sea-Flower, William Tatem,	St. Eustatius

New Advertisements.

RUN AWAY from Cow Savannah, near Bacon's Bridge, the 22d of May inst. three new negro men, lately purchased out of a cargo of Melira, Brewster, Dwyer, & Brewster, with white plains jackets, breeches and caps on, and are named AARON, PETER and JEFFERY; the names of Aaron and Peter were sewed on their caps, and Jeffery's is marked marked with an X. Whoever delivers them to the subscriber, or to the warden of the work-house, shall have Three Pounds reward for each, of JACOB GEIGER.

RUN AWAY from the subscriber at Brunswick, on Cape-Fear River, a negro fellow named QUAMINA, but calls himself GEORGE, and says he belongs to Mr. Dry. Whoever apprehends him and acquaints the subscriber where he may be got, shall be sufficiently paid for their trouble, by RICHARD QUINCE.

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING divided that part of his Land

in Town situated to the Westward of his house, into LOTS, will DISPOSE OF some of the said Lots: Most of them have a front on two streets; are full six feet higher in situation, by a level, than the land in the middle of Broad-street; have a fine prospect; and no WATER in the whole extent of St. Philip's parish PREFERABLE to what may be had there: He hath framed a WHARF upon the river, to the Eastward, of about 240 feet in length from South to North, where any ship that can come over the Bar may lie and load, and where any of the produce of the province may be landed, without a moment's loss of time, at either high or low water; and hath begun to dig a DOCK, intended to be full 20 feet wide at least, and to have six feet water at high tide, contiguous to a LONG WHARF also intended to be made at the North side of his land, and which he makes no doubt of finishing this year; so that the purchasers of his Lots, may have their wood and other heavy articles conveyed to their doors, at as little expence as in any part of Charles-Town. He will dispose of no Lots, but to such persons as will promise to improve them within a year, or eighteen months at farthest, after the purchase; and such as do so, may have their timber, bricks, lime and other materials for building on said Lots, landed at either of his wharves, within the above-mentioned time, GRATIS. He takes this private method of disposing of his Lots, rather than by public sale, in order to avoid (if possible) being pestered with dram-shops, and other nuisances, that may make the neighbourhood disagreeable.

The Plat of the said Lots may be seen at Mr. WILLIAM GIBBS'S on the Bay, Mr. RICHARD MURCKIEFF'S in QUEEN-STREET, Mr. ANDREW RUTLEDGE'S in BROAD-STREET, at PETER TIMOTHY'S, and with CHRISTOPHER GADSDEN.

May 24th, 1769.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Mr. GEORGE SEAMAN, deceased, by bond, note or otherwise, are requested to call and discharge or settle the same, especially those who are in arrears for interest; and those who have any demands, to send them in.

JAMES LENNOX,
DAVID DEAS,
WILLIAM LENNOX, } Executors,
JOHN DEAS.

The HOUSE wherein the said deceased lately dwelt, is to be let, and may be entered upon immediately. Any person inclining to rent the same, may apply to Mr. JOHN ROSE. [2m.]

To Sir JOSEPH MAWNEY, Bart. and HENRY THORPE, Esq. Representatives in Parliament, for the Borough of Southwark.

WE, the electors of the Borough of Southwark, this day assembled in the Town-hall, think ourselves independently obliged, by the duty and loyalty we owe the best of Kings, as well as by our love for the constitution, to exercise, at this time of national discontent and danger, our undoubted right to instruct you, our Representatives in Parliament; and we do, therefore, earnestly recommend to you,

1. That you endeavour to continue to us, and to confirm, our old constitutional right of Juries, to the exclusion of all proceedings by information, attachment, and interrogatories.

2. That you carefully watch over that great bulwark of our liberties, the Habeas Corpus Act; and that you enquire into, and punish any attempt that may have been to evade the force of that law.

3. That you preserve inviolate the privileges of Parliament, as well as the right of the electors; and, for that purpose, that you use your utmost endeavours to prevent the expulsion of any man that shall appear to you to have been elected by a majority of legal votes.

4. That you encourage applications for redress of the grievances of the subject, by promoting a strict enquiry into every illegality committed against any petitioner that may appeal to Parliament; and that you oppose the selecting such parts only for proof as may tend, not to relieve, but to criminate the Petitioner.

5. That you promote such measures as may have a tendency to secure to every British subject the full and entire possession of every liberty derived to him from the principles of our excellent constitution.

6. That as the trade and commerce to our American possessions is of the utmost importance to the manufactures of Great-Britain, you use your utmost endeavours to reconcile the unhappy differences subsisting between the Mother Country and the Colonies, to the total exclusion of the manufactures of other nations.

7. That you strictly enquire into the use which has lately been made of the military power, and particularly, whether many innocent lives were not taken away, and much blood spilt by the soldiery, in the most inhuman and wanton manner, in St. George's fields, within this borough, in the month of May last; and to remove every pretence for calling in a military force; that you endeavour to put the magistracy on a more respectable footing; by restoring the office of Constable, or Conservator of the Peace, to its ancient power and authority.

8. That you use your best endeavours for having a standing committee appointed for the regular examination of the public accounts.

9. A requisition having been laid before Parliament for payment of the Civil List debts, that you enquire how those debts have been incurred, and if any of them should appear to be owing to the creation of new and unnecessary places, the augmentation of the salaries of old ones, or the grant of pensions in the Members of both, or either House of Parliament, that you oppose the giving of public money for such purposes.

10. That you promote a bill for limiting the number of Place-men and Pensioners in the House of Commons; and for preventing the Peers of Great-Britain from interfering in the election for Members of Parliament.

11. That you endeavour to quiet the apprehensions of the public, arising from the idea of an intended exertion of the obsolete claims of the Crown, by supporting a bill for securing the possessions of the subject.

12. That you use your utmost endeavours to obtain an act to shorten the duration of Parliaments, as one of the best and most likely methods of putting a stop to the Bribery and Corruption so universally complained of.

EDWARD STEAVENS,

CHAIRMAN.

After this a motion was made, seconded, and unanimously agreed to,

"That the thanks of this Meeting be given to Sir Joseph Mawney, Bart. for his spirited and unbiassed conduct in Parliament and for his services to this Borough."

Mr. Thorpe afterwards addressing the company, asserted the integrity and purity of his intentions and conduct, and promised the utmost impartiality and disinterestedness in his behaviour in discharge of his duty in Parliament; and the thanks of the company were given him, with some opposition, for the declaration then made by him.

The thanks of the meeting were then given to Edward Steavens, Esq. for his great candour and impartiality in the Chair; and the company separated in the greatest good humour and temper.

It is conjectured, that different litigations of the grand cause of Douglas, in France, Scotland and England, have cost the contending parties at least 100,000l.

According to letters from Hamburgh, it is the general opinion that the Court of Berlin will act only in defence of her own territories during the war between the Turks and Russians.

We hear that on Monday arrived in one vessel from France, a celebrated Baronet, and the noted Broughton. Their modesty was remarkable, by desiring their names and quality to be concealed.

Elopements and divorces are become so frequent among the great, that in the marriage articles of three ladies of fashion, which have been drawn within a month past, it has been stipulated, that in case they elude such a separation, such an income as there specified shall be allowed.

MARCH 4.

Extract of a letter from Canterbury, February 23.

"Yesterday morning a very numerous and respectable meeting of the citizens of this city was held at the Guildhall in High-street, to determine on a proper mode of instructing our Representatives in Parliament; when a gentleman of distinguished reputation, as a friend to civil and religious liberty, was placed in the chair, from whence he delivered a very spirited and nervous oration, adapted to the occasion. Each article of the instructions was read over twice to the assembly, and although there were upwards of four hundred citizens present, not one dissenting voice was heard.

Copies of the instructions to William Lynch, and Richard Milles, Esquires, Representatives of the City of Canterbury, in Parliament.

GENTLEMEN,

At this alarming period, when the prevailing influence of a few measures menace danger to our constitutional liberties, fully persuaded of your will to perform your duty to your constituents and your country; We, the free and independent citizens of Canterbury, do most earnestly exhort you to fulfil the following instructions:

I. We entreat you to use your endeavours to re-establish our ancient mode of trial by jury, which we derive from the great standard of English freedom Magna Charta, and which was confirmed to us in the Bill of Rights, by the late King William the Third of glorious memory.

II. We request you to promote a strict and candid enquiry into the proceedings of the military, on the 10th of May last, in St. George's Fields, which, from the ideas we entertain of them, seem to threaten an eternal cloud on the annals of English history.

III. You are desired to endeavour to discover, and bring to justice the promoters and perpetrators of the late riotous proceedings at Brentford, on the eighth of December last, when the lives of more than one of our fellow subjects were inhumanly ended, and the freedom of election, the essence of English liberty, most dangerously violated by a desperate band of ruffians.

IV. You are desired to see justice done to the long and great sufferings in the cause of his country, John Wilkes, Esq. in whom

the privileges of Englishmen have been repeatedly violated. We entreat you to afford him your most strenuous support.

V. You are requested to support the high privileges of Parliament, and firmly to withstand every arbitrary and despotic measure which the present or future ministers may think proper to impose.

VI. We desire you to endeavour to determine all future elections, for members to serve in Parliament, by ballot, as the most effectual means of preventing the influence of bribery and corruption.

VII. You are intreated to use your endeavours, that the duration of the present, and all future Parliaments, may be limited to two years.

VIII. You are desired effectually to prevent all English Peers from endeavouring to interfere in the election of Commoners, and likewise all sort of English Peers, all Irish Peers, or natives of Scotland, from being elected to represent English boroughs in Parliament.

IX. You are requested to endeavour to limit the number of pensioners and placemen in the House of Commons.

X. You are desired to endeavour to heal the present unhappy divisions which prevail between Great-Britain and her American Colonies, by every lenient and constitutional method.

XI. And lastly, We request you to promote a bill for taking off the present bawback from leather, as the most powerful means of abating the advanced price of that commodity.

MARCH 6.

A few days ago the Right Hon. the Lord Viscount Molyneux renounced the errors of the church of Rome, and on Saturday last received the sacrament at St. Martin's church.

MARCH 9.

On Tuesday last Earl Temple dined with the Earl of Chatham at Hayes, where he lay that night, and yesterday arrived in town. Sir William Beauchamp Proctor was at court on Sunday last.

LONDON TAVERN, March 7, 1769.

"JOHN SAWBRIDGE, Esq. in the chair.

"THIS day a meeting was held of the society of Supporters of the Bill of Rights, when, among others, the following resolutions were unanimously agreed to.

"That no members be admitted, but those who are of known loyalty to his Majesty, and affection to his illustrious family, the intent of this association being to maintain and defend the liberty of the subjects, and the laws and constitution of this country.

"That a committee be appointed to enquire into the state of Mr. Wilkes's affairs, and to report the same at the society's next general meeting.

"That the sum of 300l. be sent to Mr. Wilkes for his immediate use; and that Sir Cecil Wray, Bart. and James Townshend, Esq. be desired to wait upon him, and beg his acceptance of the same."

MARCH 10.

Wednesday was married the most noble Evelyn Pierpont, duke of Kingston, to the honourable Miss Chudleigh, maid of honour to her royal highness the princess dowager of Wales.

It is reported, that some extraordinary measures will be taken, to prevent such popular meetings as have lately been holden.

We hear that it is a settled point among the gentlemen of the law, that as Mr. Wilkes's first sentence expires on the 18th of next month, he is then to pay the first fine of five hundred pounds, for re-publishing the North-Briton, No. 45.

It is positively asserted, that a county not fairly represented is not liable to pay land-tax, and that some modern Hampdens are determined to oppose it.

It is said the bets, that there would be no enquiry into certain transactions in St. George's Fields, run 248 against 39.

We hear that the council to whose opinions the question touching the legality of Mr. Wilkes's election of an Alderman has been referred by the court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen, are Mr. Attorney and Solicitor-General, Sir Fletcher Norton, Mr. Serjeants Glynn and Leigh, Mr. Yorke, Mr. Recorder, and Mr. Common Serjeant.

MARCH 11.

The following is an account of the meeting at the King's Arms tavern in Cornhill, on Wednesday last:—In consequence of an advertisement continued for some time past in the public papers, a considerable number of merchants, traders, and other inhabitants of London, met on Wednesday at the King's Arms tavern in Cornhill. At the door of the room was placed a waiter, who demanded from each person at his entrance one shilling. Mr. Muilman, Mr. Dingley, and about 15 other equally public-spirited, disinterested, and respectable merchants, &c. flock-brokers, produced a parchment containing an address. Some very considerable merchants, who refused to sign it, were ordered by Mr. Dingley to withdraw, which they refused, being invited thither by advertisement, and paid their shilling. The gentlemen assembled soon began to call, *To the Chair! To the Chair!* Mr. Boeshm and Mr. Muilman declined the chair. Mr. Vaughan was then desired to take it, to which he consented. On this motion, there arose a most indecent contention. The gentlemen who brought the address were violent against any order or regularity, and would not suffer Mr. Vaughan, or any other person whatever, to take the chair. They insisted that there should be no other alternative, but either to sign the address, or to withdraw. Mr. Dingley, Mr. Andrew Thompson and comp. defended the chair with sticks and fists, and many blows were given. Mr. Dingley was the first, and struck Mr. Reynolds in the face with his fist; Mr. Reynolds, in return, knocked Mr. Dingley down. However, after a short dispute, Mr. Vaughan was seated; and Mr. Dingley went off with the address.

The Hon. House of Commons sat till past twelve o'clock on Thursday night on the Bridgewater election, and afterwards adjourned to Monday.

The report of an approaching change in the administration, mentioned in some of the papers of yesterday, is entirely destitute of foundation. The weather in the political hemisphere has not, for several years past, were so settled and serene an appearance as it does at present.

The Parliament is expected to sit longer, before their adjournment for the ensuing session, than has been known for many years past, on account of the many great and important affairs at present depending before them.

Lord Sandwich, it is confidently said, is to succeed Lord Townshend in the government of Ireland.

We are told the Supporters of the Bill of Rights, are looked upon, by some particular persons, in the same light that the Convention held some time ago at Boston was; and it is said that the same measures will be taken to dissolve and disperse them: that were used on that occasion.

Yesterday, in pursuance of the adjournment of the last meeting, there was held at the King's Arms Tavern, in Cornhill, a very large assembly (amounting in number to upwards of 300) of the eminent merchants, traders, and principal inhabitants of the city of London, when John Mills, senior, Esq. was unanimously voted into the chair. Samuel Vaughan, Esq. then delivered in the resolutions of the committee formed at the last meeting, which were twice read to the audience, who displayed loud and repeated marks of their approbation, at the conclusion of every period. These resolutions were unanimously adopted and agreed to by the company present, and are as follow:

King's Arms Tavern, Cornhill, March 10, 1769.

At a general meeting of the merchants, traders, and principal inhabitants of the city of London, pursuant to their adjournment on Wednesday last, the following Resolutions were unanimously agreed, and ordered to be printed in the public papers, viz.

That the means which have been used to obtain an address to his Majesty, were fallacious and arbitrary.

That the producing an address already signed, the attempting by noise and tumult to prevent the appointment of any chairman, and refusing to take the opinion of the general meeting on the propriety of their address, were measures never before adopted by the merchants, traders, and principal inhabitants of the city of London, and evidently inconsistent with their dignity and character.

That the merchants, traders, and principal inhabitants of the city of London have always acted, and do now act, with so much loyalty to his Majesty, affection to his illustrious family, and zeal for our present most happy constitution, that any renewed declaration of such their attachment, in this time of full national credit and profound peace, would have been absolutely unnecessary, had not some persons, from sinister views, artfully misrepresented those of their fellow subjects who opposed their arbitrary proceeding, and refused to enter into all their measures, as disaffected to his Majesty's person and government.

Therefore we do in this public manner declare our most sincere and inviolable attachment to his Majesty's royal person, his illustrious family, and the happy settlement in his august house, which we are ready to defend, with our lives and fortunes, against all their open and secret enemies; being firmly persuaded they are the only security, under God, for the continuance of our liberties, both civil and religious.

JOHN MILLS, Chairman.

For these two days past great numbers of the merchants and principal traders of London have attended at the Merchant Seamen's office, in order to sign the address to his Majesty.

It is supposed there have been more fish, fowl, and game dressed in the King's Bench prison within the last ten months, than during the whole period before that time, since the prison was first built.

We are informed, that his Majesty has been graciously pleased to recommend the building of another wing or other additional erection to the royal hospitals of Greenwich and Haslar near Gosport, for the more effectual receiving and supporting aged and maimed seamen, formerly employed in the service of the royal navy.

MARCH 14.

Considerable bets are laid, that Lord Bute's youngest son, who is now going out a writer in the service of the East-India company, will be governor of Bengal in less than two years.

Yesterday a committee of the Privy Council met at the Cockpit, Whitehall, to hear appeals from the plantations.

We are told that on Saturday morning several merchants of the city went to Mr. Wilkes in the King's Bench prison, with a new proposal, much to the advantage of that gentleman.

It is said that an estimate of all the above gentleman's debts is preparing to be laid before the society for support of the bill of rights at the London tavern, in order for their being discharged with all convenient speed.

We hear a noted clergyman and poet is preparing an entertainment for the theatre, entitled, *Liberty's Last Stake*; but whether it be tragedy or comedy is not yet certain.

A letter from Bologna says, "the new Pope, whose name may be, with find trouble enough cut out for him. At Rome they have just taken that last step towards a total independence from ecclesiastical power. The senate has issued a decree, which all the church revenues are, without distinction, fixed to the same taxes as the estates of laymen; the first example we have ever had of such an absolute tax being laid on ecclesiastical in a catholic country."

It is the fixed resolution of Mr. Wilkes's friends to support no other candidate, as they wish to have the grand question of the election of rights to a man of their own choice determined in his case; and therefore neither Sir John Dore nor any other gentleman, will, upon this occasion, meet with their approbation and support.

We hear, that when the address against the most numerous and respectable sort of the merchants, traders, and principal inhabitants of London is to be carried up, that St. Bride's bells (upon a former occasion) with those of several other churches, are to be muffled and tolled during the time of the procession.

Extract from a Bristol paper, March 11.

We hear that a number of gentlemen of this city, desirous of being instrumental in the restoration of the public peace, have determined to form themselves into an Independent Society, and that, unconnected with party, and uninfluenced by ministerial power, they will support those measures only expressive of their loyalty to their King, and asserting the independency of the People.

We hear, that the fleet now fitting out for sea at Portsmouth and Plymouth, is to be stationed from the banks of Newfoundland to Cape Florida.

A correspondent from Stafford informs us, that some years ago, while the rector of a parish in that county was gathering his tithes at a farm house, the farmer having 11 children, told him, he ought to take the 11th child, which the clergyman immediately consented to, and brought it up at his own expence; and when the clergyman died he was inducted to the living, which he at this time enjoys, worth, together with the free-school, 120l. per ann.

It is whispered about, that something is in agitation for restraining the Methodists and Dissenters; and that no more conventicles or meetings will be allowed, but all to be consecrated chapels, and the liturgy be obliged to be read in all of them; and that their pastors are to be paid by a tax as similar to a church-rate as possible.

A lady of some fortune near Wallingford in Berkshire, aged 65, was married on Wednesday last to a gentleman, who had paid his addresses to her without success for thirty-nine years past.

A CARD.

To the greatest part of the inhabitants of the city of London. SUCH persons as have little or nothing to do, and others that can possibly spare time to walk to the Royal Exchange, it is said, may receive half a crown for signing their names to a certain parchment now exhibited in that neighbourhood; it is earnestly wished that every one desirous of enjoying this gratuity, will apply soon, as the said parchment is to be removed westward of Temple-bar before the ensuing moon-lights commence, for the greater security in its migration. Enquire for C.D. Esq.

NB. All such persons as cannot write their names, will be entitled to one shilling for making their marks.

MARCH 16.

Yesterday morning several agents for North-America waited on the Earl of Rochford on affairs of consequence, relative to the plantations.

Yesterday the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor informed the court of aldermen of the application that had been made to call a court of common-council, for the purpose of considering of an address to his Majesty, and desired their opinion and advice thereon; when such a measure was judged to be unnecessary at this time.

Last week the corporation of weavers at Norwich, voted the freedom of their company to John Wilkes, Esq. which is to be presented to him in a gold box.

We are informed that the gentlemen, Supporters of the Bill of Rights, have come to a resolution to allow Mr. Wilkes 300l. per quarter. The first payment of which has already been made to him by the hands of Sir Cecil Wray, Baronet, and James Townshend, Esq.

We are told that an accurate list of every pensioner in England, Scotland, and Ireland, will very soon be given the public.

This morning came on at Brentford, the election of Knight of the shire for the county of Middlesex, when John Wilkes, Esq. was again re-elected without any opposition.

[Return to the second Page.]

P O S T S C R I P T

MAY 25, 1769. To the SOUTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE. Numb. 1559.

SALE by the Provost-Marshal.

On Thursday the 6th of June, will be sold at public vendue, at the usual place in Charles-Town,



The Sloop MONTAGU,

(Together with her tackle, furniture and apparel)

LATE the property of JOHN MCKENNES, and sold under attachment, by virtue of an order of court, by ROGER PINCKNEY P. M.

MANSSELL, CORBETT, & ROBERTS, HAVE IMPORTED, in the Ship PLANTERS-ADVENTURE, MILES LOWLEY Master, from LONDON:

AN ASSORTMENT OF GOODS, Suitable for the present and approaching Seasons; bought of the Manufacturers with CASH, and will be sold CHEAP, particularly for READY MONEY, at their Store in Tradd-Street.

Amongst which are the following Articles,

SUPER-fine BROAD CLOTHS, SAGATHIES, JEANS, JEANETS, new-fashioned silk pieces for gentlemen summer waistcoats, silk breeches pieces, beaver and castor hats, blue and black prince's stuffs; a variety of striped and plain SILKS, sattins, and thread sattins, India perians and taffeties, silk petticoats of all colours, umbrells, fine chip hats, black fatten and stuff shoes and pumps; a variety of plain and fashionable figured ribbons, India cotton thread, Irish and Russia sheeting, yard-wide Irish linens, a few pieces of plain Jackinet, all wide MUSLINS, at 30s. per yard, cash, by the piece, and 40s. per yard, if cut; and a few pieces of neat sprigged and striped ditto, at 60s. per yard, cash, by the piece, and 70s. if cut; lawns, cambricks, an assortment of India and English CHINTS, COTTONS, CALICOES, and PRINTED LINENS; hand-loomed patterns, neat new-fashioned Marfeilles cotton bed quilts, Marfeilles quilting for ladies petticoats, humburs, book mullin, thread and silk pavilion gauze, gingham, and Bengal stripes, gloves and mitts of all sorts, glass India shades, Italian riding-chairs, fancy Oltrich feathers for ladies hats, ditto for children, eight-day clocks very cheap, a watch with chimers, cordage at 7 l. per hundred, by the coil, cash; gold and silver epaulets or shoulder-knots, common ditto for servants, very fashionable in England, gold and silver lace, japanned tea-tables, and tea-chests, fashionable japanned bottle-stands; a variety of IRONMONGERY, CHINA and GLASS WARE, EARTHEN WARE, SADDLERY, PERFUMERY, PICKLES, WARD'S MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, PEWTER, NAILS, BRUSHES, GROCERY, SPICES, THREADS, and such goods as are generally imported. ALSO,

A quantity of ENGLISH OATS and RYE, at 15s. per bushel, for ready money. A few boxes of MANNA, to be sold VERY CHEAP.

WEST-INDIA and Northward RUM; Muscovado SUGAR; SHIP BREAD, just imported; and Twelve Barrels of exceeding fine New-York ALE. TO BE SOLD by SAVAGE & LEGARE.

For LONDON. (To sail by the 15th of JUNE.) THE SHIP PLANTERS ADVENTURE, MILES LOWLEY Master. FOR Freight or Passage (having good Accommodations) apply to said Master, or to MANSSELL, CORBETT, & ROBERTS.

VERY little regard being paid to our former advertisements, requiring payment of the debts due to the late Mr. WILLIAM DANDRIDGE, deceased, WE NOW GIVE NOTICE, That every debt which is deemed recoverable, and is not paid by the 30th JUNE next, will be then placed in the hands of WILLIAM BURROWS, Esq; to be immediately sued for: And those that are indebted for effects sold, belonging to the said deceased's estate, are requested to make payment by the time above-mentioned, that we may be enabled to pay the legacies their several legacies.

FRANCES DANDRIDGE, GEORGE SMITH.

Commodious STORES TO BE LETT, by said Geo. Smith.

For LONDON directly, THE SHIP CAROLINA-PACKET, WILLIAM WHITE, Master; (Now lying at Col. Beale's Wharf.) FOR Freight or Passage, apply to said Master, or BREWTON, DOYLEY, & BREWTON. A TUB of the very finest HYSON TEA, and London PORTER in Barrels, to be sold cheap by said Master.

THOMAS-LOUGHTON & ROG. SMITH, HAVE JUST IMPORTED, in the Ship CAROLINA PACKET, Captain WILLIAM WHITE, from LONDON:

A large ASSORTMENT OF GOODS;

Amongst which are, FASHIONABLE SILKS, plain, striped, and flowered MUSLINS and LAWNS, India CHINTS, two neat Italian RIDING CHAIRS, on steel springs, best PORTER in barrels, MILITIA DRUMS, WALNUT CHAIRS, with horse-hair seats, &c. &c.

C A D E, COVERS at Mr. William-

son's plantation, near Ramoth's-bridge, until the first of May, at THIRTY-FIVE POUNDS each Mare, and a Dollar to the Groom; and after that, at Mr. W. son's, at 40s. each Mare, and the same terms and conditions. Any mare proving not in foal, shall be covered the following season gratis.

W. B. No Mare will be received without the money. At the proprietor's of CADE is desirous of having some blooded Mares to be sold, he will admit any number of gentlemen, not exceeding twelve, to send a mare gratis, (only paying a Dollar to the Groom) provided the mare sent was got by either Pharaoh, Sterling, Fox, or B. son, with a certificate from the breeder, the certificate and mare must be sent by the first of April, and not sooner, as the horse is to be carried to the Southward in a month after, at which time is expected those gentlemen who send mares will take them away, as Mr. Williamson's pasture is not the best, and the mares might suffer by their neglect in not complying with this request.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WILSON, CORAM, & Co. CASE.

JOHN MCKINNON.

In the COMMON PLEAS.

WHEREAS JAMES WILSON, JOHN CORAM, and JOHN HARFORD, attorneys called WILSON, CORAM, & Co. by virtue of a writ of Attachment, issued out of this Court, did lately attach, in the hands and possession of Samuel Wright, the Debtor, Goods, Chattels, Debts, and Books of Account, belonging to John McKinnon, late of the Province aforesaid, Partner, who is absent from, and without the Limits of this Province: AND WHEREAS the said James Wilson, John Coram, and John Harford, did, on the Eighteenth Day of April last past, duly file their Declaration, in the Office of the Clerk of this Court, against the said John McKinnon, who hath no Wife or Retainer known to be within the said Province, on whom a Copy of the said Declaration, with a special Order of Court indorsed thereon, ordering him to plead to the same, might be served: This is therefore to give Notice, That unless the said John McKinnon, doth appear and make his Defence, within a Year and a Day from filing the said Declaration, final and absolute Judgment will be forthwith given and awarded for the said James Wilson, John Coram, and John Harford, against the said John McKinnon, pursuant to the Act of Assembly of this Province, in such made and provided.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas Office, 18th May, 1769.

SELLING off, considerably under the common advance, an ASSORTMENT of

DRY GOODS,

Such as are usually imported, amongst which are, YARD wide Irish linens, 3-4th yard wide, and 6-4th checks and stripes, India and English chints and calicoes, Humburs and white calicoes, Bed furniture, britannias, India perians, cartins, table-cloths, Stamped and check handkerchiefs, Durants, tammies, and callimancoes, Ribbons, ferrits, tapes, pins, needles, Thimbles, laces, threads of all sorts, Shalloons, duroys, poplins, Figured stuffs, worsted and hair shags, Women, men and boys worsted hose, Boys and girls thread and cotton ditto, Men, women, maids and girls gloves and mittens of all sorts, Three-fourth garlix, garnet, bugle and wax ear-rings, Agats and beads, Women and childrens cloaks and cardinals, White and blue plains, Striped flannels, Mens felt and castor hats, Brown rolls, helleus, Men and boys ready made cloaths, Sets of curious views, with the gold under the glass, Glass ware, stone jugs, Earthen ditto in crates, Pigtail, cut and dry, and leaf tobacco, Short and long pipes, Iron pots, grind stones, corn mills, Cutlery of all sorts, With a variety of sundry articles, too tedious to mention, sold at Mr. JOHN ALWOOD's, painter, opposite Mr. DANIEL CANON's, in QUEEN-STREET, by CHRISTOPHER SIMPSON.

N. B. He requests his friends who favoured him with their custom, to discharge their accounts, bonds and notes, as he intends as soon as his business is settled, to embark for England.

JAMES MACKENZIE,

In Elliott-street, opposite Messrs. James and William Lennox;

FINDING his present plan not answering his expectations, and that he may be the more enabled to support his family, he would be glad to be employed in a store, counting house, or any other business in the mercantile way.

ALL persons indebted to JOSEPH ELLICOTT, deceased, or to his estate, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber, and all persons having any demands against the said JOSEPH ELLICOTT, deceased, or his estate, are desired to bring them attested before the first day of July next, otherwise they will lose their dividend of the said deceased's effects, as a division of the whole in the subscriber's hands will then be made by EVAN JONES, Administrator.

WHEREAS at a Court of Common

Pleas begun and holden at Charles-Town, on Tuesday the 9th day of May instant, THOMAS LEGARE, sen. and JOHN HUNT, being duly summoned and returned to serve as Jurors, at the said Court, made default, and were noted for non-appearance: THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That the said defaulters will be fined in the sum of FIVE POUNDS proclamation money each, unless they shall respectively make good and sufficient excuses, upon oath, for their non-appearance, on or before the first Tuesday in July next. D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, May 12, 1769.

At S T O T T's MANCHESTER WARE-HOUSE, BEDON'S-ALLEY.

JUST IMPORTED, in the Carolina-Packet, Capt. White:

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT of brown and white THREAD HOSE, white cotton ditto, thread pavilion gauze, white kentings, printed and checked handkerchiefs, printed linens and calicoes, clotting dispoers, India perians, pillow-lawns, brown fleisins, garlix and prince's linen, Irish linens, sheeting ditto, a large assortment of brown and white OSNABRUGS, helleus, jeans and jeannets, striped mozeron, checked and striped damascus, plain India dignities, half-yard and yard-wide flowered ditto, checks of all kinds, and stripes, and most of the articles manufactured in MANCHESTER: Which, being bought immediately from the Manufacturers, will be sold on their USUAL CHEAP TERMS, for CASH.

N. B. A small assortment of HARD WARE from CHARLES LITTLEWOOD, of Sheffield (late resident here) to be disposed of on cheap terms as above.

BREW-HOUSE.

ALE, TABLE and SHIP BEER, delivered at any part of the town, in ANY QUANTITY not under five gallons, at the usual prices, by JOHN CALVERT, & COMP. YEAST for bakers, and GRAINS good for cows and horses.

TO BE SOLD, at EIGHT for ONE, (Payable either in CASH or BILLS of EXCHANGE) belonging to a person who intends for England in MAY next. FIVE trunks of well assorted IRISH LINENS, cost from 10 d. to 16 d. half-penny in England, bought for ready money. Likewise two bales of BLUE STROUDS, a quantity of LISHON, sweet MOUNTAIN, and RED PORT WINES, and a few pieces of SCOTCH and IRISH OSNABRUGS. Enquire of ANDREW LORD. Who has a quantity of MANILLA SILK ROSE for sale.

W A N T E D,

A QUANTITY of small, round, FLINTY CORN, to be delivered in Charles-Town. Apply to THOMAS-LOUGHTON & ROGER SMITH.

FOR SALE, at the estate of the late ROBERT HUME, Esq; at Goose-Creek.

A Bay MARE, rising four years old, got by STARLING: And a black MARE, rising five, three-quarters blood, from the English Mare JERRY RAINS, with her yearling Colt, got by TARTAR. Apply BENJAMIN SMITH, or ROBERT QUASH, jun.

TWO SPINETS,

As good as any ever imported, TO BE SOLD reasonably. Apply to PETER VALTON, in TRENCHARD'S Alley.

STRAYED from my plantation at Ashepo, a bay GELDING, about 14 hands high, branded on the mounting shoulder MD, and on the near buttock AK in one, trimmed with a bow mane, and has lately been square-docked. ALSO, a small black HORSE, branded with a str. Whoever deliver the said horses, shall receive a reward of TEN DOLLARS for the former, and FOUR for the latter, of HENRY HYRNE.

I AM informed, by EDWARD CONAWAY, who lives high up SALUDY-RIVER, of a gray MARE and COLT, taken up by him; the Mare is of a dark bay colour, about 13 hands and an half high, ten years old, and trots, branded on the right shoulder 2, one hind foot white; the Colt is a Mare, and trots, of a blue roan colour. The owner must prove his property before WILLIAM CALHOUN, T. M. March 10, 1769.

THE Subscriber having taken a convenient ROOM, at Mrs. KNOX's in Bedon's Alley, intends opening a SCHOOL on the 6th of June next; where he will teach LATIN and GREEK. Those who wish to please to entrust him with the education of their children, may depend on his utmost care and diligence. JOHN GOLDIE.

TO BE SOLD, At public vendue, on Wednesday the 7th day of June next, precisely at 11 o'clock, at Mr. T. Nightingale's upon Charles-Town Neck: FIVE likely young HORSES, and a FILLY, of the English Breed. DANIEL BLAKE.

Colleton-County, May 9th, 1769. IN the possession of Mr. JOHN CROSSKEYS, living near Parker's-Ferry (and by whom I have had information) a bay pacing MARE, with a star in her forehead, 13 hands high, branded AS on the off buttock. The owner must prove the property, within six months from the date, before JOSEPH GLOVER, J. P.

FOR SALE, SEVERAL MARES of the ENGLISH breed, one of which is very handsome, half blooded, and full 14 hands and an half high, with a promising HORSE COLT by her side, of a month old, got by SHADOW. The Mares are in good order, and may be put to horse immediately. Enquire of JOHN PARKER.

JUST IMPORTED, in the Sloop HOPE, JOHN RIDER Master, from RHODE-ISLAND, and to be sold, by NATHANIEL RUSSELL, At his Store on Colonel BEALE'S Wharf: NORTHWARD RUM; Sperma-Ceti CANDLES; Myrtle-Wax ditto; SOAP; TRAIN OIL; ANCHORS, from one to three Hundred Pounds Weight. The above SLOOP is FOR SALE: She is about 75 tons burthen. Any person inclining to purchase her, may apply as above.

THOMAS-LOUGHTON SMITH

GIVES NOTICE, that he intends to leave this Province, about the middle of next month, and that he is ready to answer or give bail to any suit or summons, agreeable to the Attachment-Act. Those who are indebted to him, by bond, note, or account, are desired to discharge the same, before the first of June, as every debt then unpaid, will be put into the hands of an Attorney, to be sued for. Charles-Town, May 18, 1769.

FOR SALE, IN A FEW DAYS,

At the Store of JOHN EDWARDS, & Co. AN HUMBLE ATTEMPT towards an Enquiry into the Nature of the Dependency of the COLONIES upon GREAT-BRITAIN, and the Rights of a British Parliament to lay TAXES on the same. By a FREEHOLDER of SOUTH-CAROLINA. What God has joined together let us Man put asunder.

ALL Persons having demands against the Estate of Captain JOHN CATTELL, late of St. George's Parish, deceased, are desired to bring them in, properly attested, to be paid off; and those indebted, are also desired to make speedy payment.

CATHARINE CATTELL, Executrix.
DANIEL DONOVAN,)
Executors.
ROBERT CATTELL,)
Those concerned, may apply to DANIEL DONOVAN, in Charles-Town.

TO BE SOLD, by public Outcry.
On **TUESDAY** the 20th of **MAY** Instant, at Ten o'Clock before noon, on the plantation of the late Doctor GEORGE SCOTT, deceased, on WADSWELL-ISLAND.

ALL his **PERSONAL ESTATE**, consisting of **TWENTY-SIX** valuable **SLAVES**, a stock of **NEAT BLACK CATTLE**, **HORSES**, **HOGS**, **HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE**, **PLANTATION TOOLS**, &c. &c.

For all sums above £. 20, credit will be given, if required, to the first day of January, 1770, giving approved security, and paying interest from the day of sale.

All persons indebted to the said estate, are desired to make immediate payment; and those who have any lawful demands, are desired to give in their accounts for payment, properly attested, before the day of sale, to Messrs. WILLIAM and JAMES CASSAN, Merchants, in Charles-Town, or to

JOHN FREER, Executor.



For GRANADA, THE SLOOP BETSEY.
RICHARD SMALL, Master.
(Will sail in Eight days.)

FOR freight or passage, apply to said master on board, at Elliott's wharf. The said SMALL has a general **HAND-ORGAN**, that contains four barrels, each barrel plays eleven tunes, to be raffled for; it may be seen at Mr. FRANCIS GOTTIER's, Goldsmith in Broad-street, where the particulars may be known.

A Brown bay **MARE**, thirteen years old, branded on the mounting buttock with a flower-de-luce atop.

A bright two-year old **HORSE**, with a star in his forehead.

A yearling black ditto, her increase, the two last unbranded.

A strawberry roan **HORSE**, fifteen hands high (age unknown) a star and long reach in his face, all his feet white, paces, branded on the mounting shoulder G C, with a diamond atop, and on the buttock on the same side, obscurely.

A grey **HORSE**, eight years old, fourteen hands high, branded on the off shoulder something like A joined together about the middle.

One grey ditto, fourteen hands high, twelve years old, branded on the mounting shoulder like C.

L joined together, both trotters. The owners may apply to, and prove their properties before,

JOHN LIVISTON.
Annelin-Township, May 3, 1769.

IAM informed, by **ALEXANDER MILLS**, of LONG CANES, that there is a stray **COW**, with a young **CALF**, at his plantation, with a swallow fork in the left ear, and an under slope in the right ear, her colour branded and white, and about three years old. The owner must prove his property before,

April 23, 1769. **WILLIAM CALHOUN, T. M.**

St. Paul's, Black-Hill, April 23, 1769.

THOMAS MILES, Overseer, brought before me a strayed red roan **GEEDING**, not thorough broke, about six years old, between 13 and 14 hands high, branded like C joining on the near buttock, has a switch tail, and trots. The owner may prove his property before

ANDREW LEITCH, J. P.

THERE is a Vacancy for Schooling a **CHILD** by the **SOUTH-CAROLINA SOCIETY.**
May 10th, 1769. **SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, Clerk.**

In the **COUNCIL-CHAMBER**, the 9th Day of December, 1768.

PRESENT, His Excellency the Governor in Council.

HIS Majesty's Surveyor General, having reported to his Excellency, That several of the parties, who had obtained orders to have plots of land that were out of date in his office, desired to them, had never before applied for them, and neither taxes nor quit-rents accrued from the said lands; His Excellency, taking the same into consideration, was pleased, by the advice of the Board, to direct, That, if any person shall hereafter obtain an order, to have an elapsed plot certified to him, and shall not carry the same into a grant within three months thereafter, it shall be again deemed out of date. And that this order be published in the Gazette.

JAMES SIMPSON, C. C.

CHARLES TOWN, April 10th, 1769.

THE COMMISSIONERS of the Provincial **FREE SCHOOL**, do, with Satisfaction, inform the Public, that the Rev. Mr. **THOMAS PANTING**, A. M. educated at one of the first Schools in **ENGLAND**, and now a Member of the University of **OXFORD**, was this day by them approved of, and appointed **HEAD MASTER** of the School.

STRAYED into the Plantation of **JOHN DEAS**, **SETH** new **COMBAGER-CAUSEY**, about two months since, a dun **MARE**, near fourteen hands high, branded on the off buttock X, and on the off shoulder C. Whoever owns the said mare, may apply to

THOMAS HUTCHINSON.

FINDING it impossible for us to have a State of our affairs ready by the 5th of April next, agreeable to our former advertisement, we have to beg a further indulgence of our creditors, until Monday the 22d of May next, at which time, we shall be ready to meet them at Mr. DILLON's, in Charles-Town. And, as little or no regard hath been paid to our former advertisement, we have to desire, that all persons indebted to us, with, without loss of time, call and pay or settle the same, as this is the last notice that ever will be given, by

SHACKELFORD & LUTAN.
George-Town, March 25th, 1769.

MISSING some time since, out of a Store in Charles-Town, Two dozen **RED PATTERNS** of lights and candles, each of two, the figure of one representing large flowers, with a bird flying, and a peacock; the other is of small running fish, interspersed with different kinds of birds. As it is imagined they were sent to some person who may have forgot from whom they came, the Printer of this paper will, on application, deliver them to the owners, but should any person discover they are now in his possession, or in the hands of any other person, he is desired to inform the said printer, who will be glad to reward him.

SOUTH CAROLINA SOCIETY, APRIL 26, 1769.

THE COMMITTEE, from **EASTER 1768** to **EASTER 1769**, for taking care of the education of the **CHILDREN** on their bounty, under the tuition of Mr. OSBORNE STRATTON, Schoolmaster, have reported to the Society, that he has taken proper care of their morals, learning, and behaviour, and every way beloved himself, as an experienced and faithful teacher; and that the Children, for the time, have made great progress: Which, by order of the Society, is made public.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, Clerk.

CHARLES TOWN, April 25th, 1769.

THE subscriber is preparing to remove his School, in the **WHITESUN HOLIDAYS**, to a large airy house, behind Mr. JAMES MYLNE's, Baker, in Bedon's-alley, near Tradd-street; where he proposes to be ready on **MONDAY** the 22d **MAY** next, for the reception of young Gentlemen and Ladies. As he is determined, neither means or pains shall be spared, to qualify **YOUTH** for business, in an expeditious proper manner, founded upon **FORTY** years experience, he hopes to continue to give general satisfaction, and to meet with suitable encouragement, Being the Public's

Most obedient and obliged humble Servant,
OSBORNE STRATTON.

N. B. When Mr. STRATTON removes, he will want the accommodations of Lodging, Breakfast, and Supper, in some reputable private family in that neighbourhood: Whoever this proposal suits, may be pleased to signify the same to him, at the **BRITISH ACADEMY**, on the Green, near the West end of Broad-street, and they shall be waited upon.

THOMAS SINGLETON,
Opposite to the GOAL, in KING-STREET:

CARRIES and sends **EXPRESSES** to any part of **AMERICA**, by land, and will be much obliged to Gentlemen for their custom in that way, as he keeps horses on purpose, and is always ready at an hour's warning: He also will take in **HORSES** by the year, and keep them in good order, at £. 100 per head; and the owners may take them away at any time when they have reason to think them not well dealt by, only paying for the time.

WILLIAM JOHNSON,
Having taken a convenient SHOP, on Mr. Charles Elliott's Wharf:

ACQUAINTS all his **FRIENDS**, **MERCHANTS**, **SHIP MASTERS**, **PLANTERS**, and others, that may have occasion for any kind of **BLACKSMITH'S WORK**, that they may depend upon the same being done, at his Shop, exactly agreeable to directions, with the greatest dispatch, and upon reasonable terms; and that all favours conferred upon him will be thankfully acknowledged.

WHIREAS on the 21st of September, 1767, **MAURICE MURPHY**, and **NATHANIEL HURT**, stole, and carried off, from **GREAT-PEDEE**, a **NEGRO BOY**, about 13 years of age, named **POUTA**, who has a small scar in his forehead, and a **NEGRO GIRL**, about 15 years old, named **LYD**, fear'd under one eye by a burn, the property of the Children of **ISAAC NEAVEL**. This is therefore to offer a reward of **ONE HUNDRED and FIFTY POUNDS**, to whoever will take up the said **MURPHY** and **HURT**, and Negroes, and deliver them to the **Provoost-Marshal** in Charles-Town, to be paid by the Trustee to said Children.

ISAAC NEAVEL.

DANCING & FENCING.

T. PIKE, takes this method to acquaint his Friends, That he is so well recovered, as to be able to teach as usual.

Attendance for **DANCING** at the **PRINCIPAL BOARDING-SCHOOLS** on **MONDAYS, TUESDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, and FRIDAYS**: At his Dancing-School, opposite **JOHN IZARD**, Esq; Church-street, young Ladies and Gentlemen are taught **DANCING**, on **THURSDAYS** and **SATURDAYS**.

An **EVENING-SCHOOL** for **DANCING** at the same place, every evening in the week, from **SIX o'Clock** to **NINE**.

N. B. He teaches the use of the **SMALL-SWORD** every morning, from **FIVE o'Clock** to **NINE**, at the Fencing-School, opposite **JOHN IZARD's**, Esq; Church-street.

THOMAS RUTLEDGE,
Surviving PARTNER of **ROBERT McLEON**, & Co. late of PRINCE-WILLIAM'S Parish,

GIVES this **LAST NOTICE**, to all persons indebted to that partnership, that he will put in suit every debt that is not paid, or settled to his satisfaction, by the 20th of May next, as no longer indulgence can possibly be given.

N. B. The remaining **STOCK OF GOODS** to be sold, a **GREAT BARGAIN**; and if the purchaser inclines, may have the stores and buildings, well known to be one of the best situations for that purpose in the province.

Beaufort, April 23, 1769.

IN PURSUANCE of an Order from His Excellency the Governor, in Council, bearing Date the 28th Instant, directing me to contract with some proper Person or Persons, to supply the Troops now quartered in the Barracks, with the several Necessaries required to be supplied them by an Act of Parliament, passed in the Sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, viz.

CANDLES, VINEGAR, SALT, small BEER, CYDER or RUM: which Articles are to be charged, agreeable to the Directions of said Act, to the Public of this Province.

Any Person or Persons willing to furnish the Troops with the above Articles, on Account of the Public of this Province, are desired to apply to

BENJAMIN SIMONS, Commissary-General.
Feb. 13th, 1769.

Just Imported, in the Sloop SALLY, from NEW-YORK, PETER SCHERMERNHORN, Master, and to be sold by said Master, at CHAMPNEY'S Wharf:

SUPER-FINE FLOUR, Ship, Water, Milk and Butter **BREAD**, **NEW-YORK RUM, BEER**, Salt-Petre'd **HAMS**, Cakes and Kernels of **GENEVA** and **CORDIALS**, **Sperma-Ceti CANDLES**, **BAR IRON**, &c. &c.

N. B. The said SLOOP will sail for **NEW-YORK** the first of June next. For Freight or Passage, apply to said Master, on board, lying at **CHAMPNEY'S Wharf**.

TO BE SOLD,

A LIKELY young **NEGRO MAN**, who has always been used to wait on a genteel family, in Jamaica; he is a very good Coachman, and plays very well on a Violin. For further particulars enquire of

WILLIAM BANDURY.

JAMES McCALL
Has imported to the Friendship, Capt. Hall, from LONDON:

A General Assortment of Perfumery and other Goods.

Amongst which are,

SAL volatile, hartshorn, and spirit of lavender; Hungary, lavender, honey and rose waters; oil of almonds, and oil of jessamine; **MISS** in her teens, Turkey soap, plain, marbled, and chemical wash-balls, and boxes; flaring-boxes, brushes, and soap; powder boxes and silk puffs; spice boxes; lip salve and court plaster; teeth-powder, tincture, and tooth brushes with sponges, tooth-picks and cases; scented pomatum; plain, violet, musk, civet, rose, and super fine Poland hair-powder; Poland and English starch, fig and powder blue; single and double refined loaf sugar, super fine hyson and bolina tea, cinnamon, mace, cloves, and nutmegs; black pepper, ginger, Florence oil, Durham mustard, French and Spanish olives, capers, ginkins, mangoes, walnuts, true anchovies, soy and ketchup, fine basket salt for table use, Jordan almonds, hard and soft-shell ditto, currants, blue and sun raisins, French peaches, Turkey figs, brown and white candy, clear plums and oranges, barley sugar, orange chips, &c. &c. **MEDICINES** of all sorts. Lignum-vite mortars and pestles, gentlemen's mechanical chests of tools, reading and writing glasses, bags and other fishing rods, foms with eleven joints, artificial flies, tackle books, Kirby hooks, lamp, cotton, and silk lines, floors, and reels; paper of all sorts, wafers, sealing wax, pens, quill, ink-powder and stand, files, folders, and hand-boxes, black-lead and camellian pencils, shell-patens; tooth-shell, box, ivory, bone and horn combs; needles, pins, tacks, ribbons, three-thread knitting and other threads of all sorts; FF. and battle gun-powder, mustard seed shot, bullets, flints, &c. &c. which, with **RUM, WINE, BEER, CYDER, ALE, and PERRY**, muscovado **SUGAR**, **COFFEE, CHOCOLATE**, &c. and upwards of **A THOUSAND** different articles, are to be had at his **LARGE STORE** in **TRADD-STREET**, **REMARKABLY CHEAP**, especially by wholesale, and proportional 1/2 to by retail.

JOHN POTTER,
Has just imported, by the Captains WRIGHT and MASON, from PHILADELPHIA, and to be sold at Messrs. BERWICK'S, near the Beef-Market:

BEST DOUBLE BEER;—SHIP BREAD
SALT-PETRE HAMS;—BUTTER and **WAX**
BREAD, &c. &c.

HOPKIN PRICE, Esq; informs me of a small roan **HORSE**, about 11 hands high, branded on the mounting shoulder and buttock AG in one, strayed into his plantation at Ashley-River. The owner must prove his property before

JOHN REMINGTON, J. P.
April 29th, 1769.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

JOHN DEAS hereby gives notice, agreeable to the act of assembly commonly called the **ATTAINMENT-ACT**, that he intends, God willing, to depart this province about the end of next month; and that he is, in the meantime, ready to answer any suit that may be brought, and to appear and give bail to any summons that shall be issued, against

A PHAETON, and a RIDING CHAIR,
WITH two **PAIR** of **BAY** **GELDINGS** that match tolerably well, a blooded **STALLION**, a negro **MAN**, **COOK**; also some pieces of **HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE**, among which are, an 8-day clock, a pair of pier glasses, a set of some tables and chairs; to be disposed of at private sale.

He entreats the favour of those indebted to him, to pay or settle the same, and those who have any demands, to let them in for payment.

April 28th, 1769.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of **WILLIAM JOHNSON** late of Charles-Town, School-master deceased, are required to make payment; and those to whom the said estate is indebted, to bring in their accounts properly attested.

RUTH JOHNSON, Administratrix.
JOSEPH VERREE, Administrator.

Charles-Town, May 1st, 1769.

AGREEABLE to the directions of an act of the general assembly of this province, intituled, "an act to regulate the Prices and Assizes of **BREAD**:"

I HAVE enquired the price of **FLOUR** and find that imported from the Northern colonies to be at five pence and fifteen shillings per hundred lb. weight, and Carolina Flour at three pence and fifteen shillings, (being both used by the bakers); at which price the **HALF CROWN** loaves must weigh, as follows:

OF NORTHWARD FLOUR.		OF CAROLINA FLOUR.	
	lb. oz. dwt.		lb. oz. dwt.
White,	1 13 0	White,	2 11 0
Wheaten,	1 11 8	Wheaten,	2 0 8
Household,	1 10 0	Household,	5 6 0

Of which all Bakers of Bread are required to take due notice.

BENJAMIN SIMONS, Com. Gen.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

PHILIP JACOBS, who is in Custody of the Probost-Marshal, upon Mesne Process, at the Suit of Charles McEvers, having petitioned the Honourable the Judges of His Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the Benefit of the Act made for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors: It is ORDERED, That the said Charles McEvers, and all others to whom the said Petitioner is any wise indebted, be, and they are hereby summoned, and have Notice, to appear at the usual Place of Judicature, at the first sitting of the Court of Common Pleas or General Sessions, which shall happen three Months after the Publication hereof, to shew Cause, if any they can, why the said Petitioner should not have the Benefit of his Petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.
Pleas-Office, March 21st 1768.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

JAMES EMMETT, who is in Custody of the Probost-Marshal, upon Mesne Process, at the Suit of William Holliday, having petitioned the Honourable the Judges of His Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the Benefit of the Act made for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors: It is ORDERED, That the said William Holliday, and all others to whom the said Petitioner is any wise indebted, be, and they are hereby summoned, and have Notice, to appear at the usual Place of Judicature, at the first sitting of the Court of Common Pleas or General Sessions, which shall happen three Months after the Publication hereof, to shew Cause, if any they can, why the said Petitioner should not have the Benefit of his Petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.
Pleas-Office, May 10th, 1769.